

### LIFESTYLE SIMPLIFICATION LAB PARTICIPANT'S GUIDEBOOK

a program of The Institute of Cultural Affairs

# LifeStyle Simplification Lab

Participant's Guidebook

### A Challenge to People in Affluent Countries

"How can the people of today's industrial center live up to their exemplary role for the developmental process of the industrial periphery, as well as of the poor countries that have not even started the transitional process to an industrial society? What changes in their political, social, economic, and moral thinking, in their life-style and in their technology, are required, so that the affluent and powerful will adequately perform their role-model function, and thus assume their responsibility for a sustainable development of the entire world?"

Eduard Pestel

Beyond Limits to Growth

A Report to the Club of Rome
1989

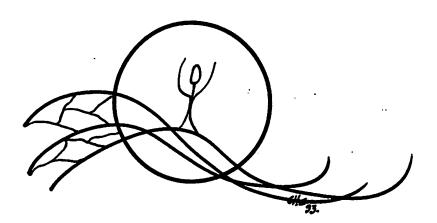
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### "Simplicity is not an escape from responsibility, but a discovery of a new and deeper responsibility."

Arthur Gish
In Search of the Simple Life



### This Booklet Provides ...

- \*\* Procedures and worksheets for the two thinktanks of the LifeStyle Simplification Lab.
- \*\* Selected readings which set the context for LifeStyle Simplification in the Twenty-first Century.
- \*\* Space for taking notes, and doodling.
- \*\* A resource list for further reading.
- \*\* An address to contact for information about LifeStyle Simplification.

This guidebook is designed to be used by groups of people interested in LifeStyle Simplification. After each exercise, space is provided for making notes on the conversations in which individuals share their personal insights.

### A Simpler Life

"The simple life is not simple — either to define or to live. There is no universal formula or convenient checklist that specifies what is simple and what is not. Rather it is an imprecise label used to refer to one or several different attitudes, ideas, and beliefs.

What unifies these attitudes is the conscious desire to purge life of some of its complexities and superfluities in order to pursue 'higher' values -- faith, family, civic duty, artistic creativity, and social service.

The nature and extent of simplicity vary greatly from individual to individual and from era to era. As a way station between too little and too much, the ethic encompasses a wide spectrum of motives and behavior, a spectrum bounded on one end by religious asceticism and on the other by refined gentility. There is no simple life as such that can be universally prescribed or adopted, only an array of different patterns of living that in their own context are considered 'simpler' than other ways of life."

David Shi -- In Search of the Simple Life

### **Changing Consumption Patterns**

"The major cause of the continued deterioration of the global environment is the unsustainable pattern of consumption and production, particularly in the industrialized countries. Excessive demands and unsustainable lifestyles among the richer segments of humanity place immense stress on the environment. The poorer segments, are unable to meet food, health-care, shelter and educational needs. This pattern, which aggravates poverty in the world, is a matter of grave concern.

We must examine the demand for natural resources generated by unsustainable consumption and seek ways of using resources that minimize depletion and reduce pollution.

We must consider the need for new concepts of wealth and prosperity, which allow higher standards of living through changed lifestyles and are less dependent on the Earth's finite resources and more in harmony with the it's carrying capacity."

From the Earth Summit's Agenda For Change. The Centre for Our Common Future, 52, rue des paquis, 1201 Geneva, Switzerland.

## Process for Articulating The Context For LifeStyle Simplification Thinktank

Write words and phrases which, for you, respond to each of the questions below. Write neatly on the 1/4-sheets of paper so that someone else can read your writing.

### Questions To Ask Yourself

- 1. What <u>pressures/experiences</u> raise the question of LifeStyle Simplification for you or people you know?
- 2. What <u>data/facts/statements</u> come to mind when you think about LifeStyle Simplification?
- 3. What are some positive images/examples of a simpler lifestyle?
- 4. What are the <u>issues/blocks/difficulties</u> that people face when they try to live a simpler lifestyle?
- 5. What <u>clues/advice</u> do you have about effective lifestyle simplification?

### **Group Sharing**

Sort the papers by number.

(All 1's together, etc)

Divide into 5 small groups of 3-4. Give each group one of the piles of papers.

### Each group should:

- · Look for repetitions in the responses.
- Group similar responses into a few categories.
- · Give concrete examples.
- Discuss and (if time allows) write up the responses into a concise paragraph.
- Select a group reporter.

### Overall Reflection

Where are you on this journey? Just starting? A long way?
What is your story that keeps you on the journey?
Who are some of your fellow colleagues?
What is your next step?

"The wildfire advance of the consumer lifestyle around the globe marks the most rapid and fundamental change in day-to-day existence the human species has ever experienced. Over a few short generations, we in the affluent fifth of humanity have become car drivers, television watchers, mall shoppers and throwaway buyers.

The irony is that while the consumer society has been stunningly effective in harming the environment, it has failed to provide us with a sense of fulfillment. Consumerism has hoodwinked us into gorging on material things because we suffer from social, psychological and spiritual hungers.

Yet the opposite -- extreme poverty -- may be even worse for the human spirit and devastates the environment too, as hungry peasants put forests to the torch and steep slopes to the plow.

If the Earth suffers when people have either too little or too much, the questions arise: How much is enough? What level of consumption can the planet support? When do more things cease to add appreciably to human life?"

Alan Durning
How Much is Enough

"There are two ways to get enough: one is to continue to accumulate more and more. The other is to desire less."

> G. K. Chesterton from *Freedom of Simplicity* by Richard J. Foster

**Notes on Group Discussion** 

Notes on the Plenary Conversation

### The Boundaries of Enough

Only by determining, in advance, what is Enough, can one ever be satisfied. The worksheet provides spaces for listing what, for you, is Enough and what is Too Much in the three categories of Stuff, Relationships and Knowledge. This chart requires bold, imaginative thinking and visioning in tension with a realism which honors both the individual's perspective and the global ecosystem.

On the chart you can use pictures or words. It may be helpful to list sets of responses -- i.e. 1 TV is enough, 3 is too many but 0 is not enough.

After a few years, review the boundaries you used on this worksheet:

Have you reached what you said was Enough?

Are you satisfied with what is Enough? Have you gone over into Too Much? Is it time to simplify back into Enough? Have new dimensions opened up where the boundary between Enough and Too Much must be established?

### Process for

### Completing the Boundaries of Enough Chart

(Chart on the following page)

- 1. List 3-4 categories of "Stuff" that are a part of your LifeStyle -- such as: Furniture, Clothes, Electronics.
- 2. List 3-4 categories of "Relationships" that are a part of your LifeStyle -- such as: Organizations joined, Telephone conversations and Letters written.
- 3. List 3-4 categories of "Knowledge/ Experiences" that are a part of your LifeStyle -- such as: Conferences, Publications and Travel.
- 4. Write down what is "Enough" for you in each category, what is "Too much", and what is "Not Enough".
- 5. Look across your work and write the "Criteria" you used in deciding the boundaries in each row of the chart.
- 6. At the bottom of the chart, write the overall values you used in deciding "What is Enough".

	The Boundar For					
Prepared on:						
	Not Enough	Enoug				
Stuff						
Relationships						
Knowledge						
		~.				
Overall Values						

es of Enough *Me* 

Too Much	Criteria

As you look back over the previous worksheet, where do you see your personal values shifting?

In the spaces below make notes on these changes. Indicate ideas/values/behaviors that are moving **from** one perspective **to** another. On the following page note elements of your new self-story which is emerging.

Notes on the Group's Conversations

From

To

Elements of the **New Story** which is emerging

### Reflections on the Day

1.	$\mathbf{Words}$	and	phrases	which	you	remember.
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2. How you responded at various times.

3. New insights and perspectives.

4. Decisions you've made.

#### Misconceptions about the Simple Life

Some people tend to equate ecological living with a life characterized by poverty, antagonism to progress, rural living, and the denial of beauty. It is important to acknowledge these misconceptions so we can move beyond them.

### Impoverished Living

Although some spiritual traditions have advocated a life of extreme renunciation, it is inaccurate to equate simplicity with poverty...Poverty is very different from "simplicity." Poverty is involuntary and debilitating, whereas simplicity is voluntary and enabling. Poverty is mean and degrading to the human spirit, whereas a life of conscious simplicity can have both a beauty and a functional integrity that elevates the human spirit. Involuntary poverty generates a sense of helplessness, passivity, and despair, whereas purposeful simplicity fosters a sense of personal empowerment, creative engagement, and opportunity. Historically those choosing a simpler life have sought the golden mean - a creative and aesthetic balance between poverty and excess. Instead of placing primary emphasis on material riches, they have sought to develop, with balance, the invisible wealth of experiential riches.

#### Turning Away from Progress

Ecological living does not imply turning away from economic progress; rather it seeks to discover which technologies are most appropriate and helpful in moving toward a sustainable future.

Ecological living is not a path of "no growth" but a path of "new growth" that includes both material and spiritual dimensions of life. A simple way of life is not a retreat from progress; in fact it is essential to the advance of civilizations. After a lifetime of study of the rise and fall of the world's civilizations, historian Arnold Toynebee concluded that the measure of a civilization's growth was not to be found in the conquest of other people or in the possession of land. Rather he described the essence of growth in what he called the Law of Progressive Simplification. True growth, he said, is the ability of a society to transfer increasing amounts of energy and attention from the material side of life to the nonmaterial side and thereby to advance its culture, capacity for compassion, sense of community, and strength of democracy.

### Rural Living

In the popular imagination there is a tendency to equate the simple life with Thoreau's cabin in the woods by Walden Pond and to assume that people must live an isolated and rural existence. Interestingly, Thoreau was not a hermit during his stay at Walden Pond. His famous cabin was roughly a mile from the town of Concord, and every day or two he would walk into town. His cabin was so close to a nearby highway that he could smell the pipe smoke of passing travelers. Thoreau wrote that he had "more visitors while I lived in the woods than any other period of my life."

The romanticized image of rural living does not fit the modern reality, as a majority of persons choosing a life of conscious simplicity do not live in the backwoods or rural settings. While ecological living brings with it a reverence for nature, this does not require moving to a rural setting. Instead of a "back to the land" movement, this is a "make the most of wherever you are" movement.

#### Denial of Beauty

The simple life is sometimes viewed as a primitive approach to living that advocates a barren plainness and denies the value of beauty and aesthetics. While the Puritans, for example, were suspicious of the arts, many other advocates of simplicity have seen it as essential for revealing the natural beauty of things. The influential architect Frank Lloyd Wright was an advocate of an "organic simplicity" that integrates function with beauty and eliminates the superfluous. In his architecture a building's interior and exterior blend into an organic whole, and the building, in turn. blends harmoniously with the natural environment. Rather than involving a denial of beauty, simplicity liberates the aesthetic sense of freeing things from artificial encumbrances. From a transcendental perspective, simplicity removes the obscuring clutter and discloses the spirit that infuses all things.

Excerpted from Voluntary Simplicity (Revised Edition)

Duane Elgin

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### LifeStyle Simplification Resources

1. What is Enough -- Fulfilling Lifestyles for a Small Planet, Issue # 26 of In Context

Includes the latest thinking on the theory and practice of conscious, value-based consumption.

### 2. It's About Time!, Issue #37 of In Context

There is nothing more basic to our sense of well-being than what we choose to do with our time every day. What is it that we value -- how is it that we really want to spend our lives?

\$6.00 for single issue from Context Institute, Box 11470, Bainbridge Island, WA 98110. *In Context* Quarterly is an outstanding source of the latest thinking on sustainability. Subscriptions are \$24 for one year (four issues).

3. Voluntary Simplicity (Revised Edition) by Duane Elgin. A bestseller.

Tells about a new way of life of intentional simplicity as a first step toward personal and planetary revitalization. By embracing the tenets of voluntary simplicity — frugal consumption, ecological behavior and personal growth — many have changed their lives, and even our world.

4. How Much is Enough? Consumer Society and the Future of the Earth by Alan Durning, 1992. From Worldwatch Institute, 1776 Mass. Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20036.

How much is enough? We can curtail our use of ecologically destructive things and cultivate the deeper, non-material sources of fulfillment that bring happiness:

family and social relationships, meaningful work, and leisure.

 Freedom of Simplicity by Richard J. Foster, 1981, author of Celebration of Discipline. Harper and Row, publishers, San Francisco.

Articulates a creative, more human style of living and points the way for Christians to make their lives "models of simplicity." Foster provides a way to rethink our priorities. He shows us how to live in harmony with the rich complexity of life while stressing the relation of simplicity to prayer, solitude and all Christian disciplines.

- 6. Who is My Neighbor?" -- Economics as if values matter, a study guide from the editors of Sojourners, 2401 15th St. N.W., Washington, DC 20009.
- 7. Beyond the Limits -- Confronting Global Collapse, Envisioning a Sustainable Future by Donella H. Meadows, Dennis L. Meadows, Jorgen Randers. Sequel to The Limits to Growth, published in 1972. Chelsea Green Publishing, Post Mills, Vermont.

The authors help us to confront the *possibility* of global collapse in order to envision the *possibility* of a sustainable future. They use World3, their system dynamics computer model, as a unique tool to see far into the next century. By varying the basic global policy assumptions that go into the model, they are able to show a range of outcomes, from collapse to sustainability.

8. In Search of the Simple Life -- American Voices, Past and Present, Edited by David E. Shi, Gibbs Smith, publisher, 1986.

Selected writings from John Winthrop, Thomas Jefferson, Henry David Thoreau, Lewis Mumford, Scott and Helen Nearing, Wendell Berry and Gary Snyder. An inspiring, thought-provoking, enlightening collection. This book powerfully demonstrates that American materialism has always been paralleled by an idealism whose practical realism is becoming ever clearer in a time of ecological disorder.

9. Your Money or Your Life -- Transforming Your Relationship with Money and Achieving Financial Independence by Joe Dominquez and Vicki Robin, Viking/Penguin, 1992.

Allows us to take a close look at our attitudes and habits about money. Learn what money really is and how to consciously track, evaluate and direct the flow of money in your life. Learn to integrate your values, purpose and goals with your patterns of earning and spending — as you plot a practical path from where you are to where you want to be.

 Whole Life Economics -- Revaluing Daily Life by Barbara Brandt, New Society Publishers, 1995.

Whole Life Economics reminds us that we each, every day, help create the economy with our hearts, minds, and hands. Well-researched, and free of economic jargon, and full of examples. Whole Life Economics charts the widespread alternatives to corporate control of our lives. It introduces us to real life economics that is as much about caring for children, planting gardens and helping friends (the invisible economy) as it is about allocating resources or counting money.

### Programs of the ICA at Greensboro

LifeStyle Simplification programs are not how to sessions but are facilitated events which allow anyone desiring a more simple, more authentic lifestyle a chance to dialogue with others who desire the same and an opportunity to consider redirecting their resources. After the program, members of the group may meet to share their own practices and to build future action plans. Together they discover not only "how much is enough" for them but "how much is enough" for everyone to not only survive but thrive.

LifeStyle Simplification Programs are conducted through the Institute of Cultural Affairs (ICA), a network of skilled facilitators committed to:

- Empowering people to be a part of solving their own problems,
- Working toward making communities good places to live,
- Participation as a way of working toward a better world, and
- Changing behavior through changing images.

### **Discovering Enoughness**

I pledge to discover how much is enough for me to be truly fulfilled and to consume only that.

I also pledge to be part of the discovery of how much would be enough for everyone not only to survive but thrive, and to find new ways for them to access that.

Through this commitment to restraint and justice, I am healing my life and am part of healing the world.

Vicki Robin, President New Road Map Foundation

From "How Much is Enough," IN CONTEXT, No. 26, p. 62

LifeStyle Simplification logo by Ellen Howie Program design created by Elaine and Nelson Stover

### To Run Joyfully Into The World

As a child, I thought simplicity meant doing without, starting from scratch, bare floors, hard benches, plain speech, dull colors.

As I grow older, simplicity becomes a question of:

how to live on this planet so that all life can be nurtured;

how to redesign what we live in, drive in, dress in, eat from, throw away;

how to choose what we put into our mouths, the air, the water, our lawns to make them green;

how to quiet our minds, so we can center, listen, lift those who are falling, deal with greed and fear, envision community, run joyfully into the world.

Elsie Kuhn -- Friendly Woman, Vol. 9, No. 1

#### SIMPLE GIFTS

'Tis the gift to be simple, 'tis the gift to be free, 'Tis the gift to come down where we ought to be, And when we find ourselves in the place just right 'Twill be in the valley of love and delight.

When true simplicity is gained,
To bow and to bend we shan't be ashamed.
To turn, turn will be our delight,
'Til by turning, turning we come 'round right.

American Shaker Tune



This guidebook is designed for use in facilitated
LifeStyle Simplification Labs.
Program information and additional copies of this workbook
are available from:
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